Thirnbeck Manuscripts.

Concluded from page 145.

XXI.

WILLIAM PENN TO MARGARET FOX, 1690/1.

This announcement of the death of George Fox, sent to his widow, is printed in Fells (p. 362). There are several short omissions and the names Vaughan and Rich should be Vaughton and Field.

XXII.

ROBERT BARROW TO HENRY COWARD AND OTHERS, 1690/1.

This valuable letter has been several times printed. See Camb. *Inl.* ii. 495. The original is dated 16th of Eleventh Month, 1690.

XXIII.

THOMAS LOWER TO MARGARET FOX, 1693.

We do not remember to have seen this most interesting letter in print before.

Thomas and Mary Lower and children were, apparently, in London at this time. Their Northern residence was Marsh Grange, near Swarthmoor Hall, but they may also have had a London house.

London this 2^d off ye 10th 93.

Deare & honored Mother

Thine off ye 27th off ye last J haue: & wee are glad to heare off all yr welfare: weh mercy wee all alsoe Jnjoÿ heere blessed & for euer praised be ye holy name off ye Lorde whoe is ye author & giuer off it: glory & thankes be ffor euer giuen vnto him: & J hope & trust Jtt will neuer be forgotten by vs nor ours whilst they haue a beinge:

My children are all now recouered out of there late Jllnesse: & haue taken frequent purges to Carry off yoremainders off yo distemper: & all thinges yo hath beene giuen vnto them hath beene blesst: & made effectuall vnto the ende ffor ye web Jtt was given ym: praised be ye Lorde for it & all other his Jnnumerable mercyes & favors every way towards vs:

All our other realations alsoe heere & heereaways are all Jn good health blessed be yo Lorde: & yesterday my brother Rouse¹¹⁹ & his son¹²⁰ & daughter Anne¹²¹ went downe to graues ende & as wee heare by yo returne of yo boatemen they all arrived there well yo last night: my Cousen¹²² & his sister returnes againe yo 2d day: & my brother goes forwarde Jn his Jntended voyage for Barbadoes¹²³: wee Coulde none of vs accompany him: through other vrgent occasions Jnterveneinge: & wee must have parted at last had wee gonne to yo Downes with him: hee was not very well when hee went away: but heare hee mended before hee Came to graues ende:

Yesterday att bull & mouth meetinge appeared Will: Penn: his pardon beinge graunted some days before as L^d Brandon¹²⁴ tolde mee before of it whoe vows ye man yt ¹²⁵ obtained it ffrom ye Kinge togeather with Secretary Trencharde¹²⁶: & yt hee had promised to be seruiceable to ye Gouerment for ye future & to demerit this favor ffrom ye Kinge: whoe had beene soe mercifull & gratious to him: ffreindes thought hee woulde ffirst haue appeared amongst ym & haue giuen ym some satisfaction priuately touchinge the scandall brought vpon truth & freindes by his longe abscondinge & ye matters layde to his charge & not to haue appeared Jn ye offringe of his gift before hee had beene reconciled to ym hee had giuen offence vnto:

¹¹⁹ For John Rous, see Camb. Inl.

This was Nathaniel (1670-1717), the only son to arrive at manhood. He married Hannah Woods in 1696 and had children.

According to William Benson's genealogical chart of the Fell family (British Friend, 1845, p. 168), Anne, daughter of John and Margaret Rous, "died young," but there are not any dates given. Nathaniel and Anne are mentioned in other letters of the period (Fells, pp. 387, 388).

That is, nephew.

From which, it seems, he never returned home (Fells, p. 386).

¹²⁴ Charles, first baron Gerard of Brandon and Earl of Macclesfield (d. 1694). (D.N.B.)

The reading is not clear. There are strokes across the "yt" which may imply an intended excision of the word. If the "yt" was a slip of the pen and should be omitted, "ye man" would refer to Penn.

Sir John Trencharde (1640-1695), Secretary of State. (D.N.B.)

but his appearinge first to preach Jn a publicke meetinge before reconciliation lookes to trivmphant: & high: & Js not well resented amongst some ffreindes heere.

Wee are laborrine with ye parlament to gett our yea & nea taken Insteade of an oath: ye Issue whereof wee

leaue vnto ye Lorde. 127

And as touchinge ye yorkesheere Man J formerly writt off Jam not mistaken: for J went this day of purpose to aske of my brother Jngram about him whoe was ye Man yt did detect him & brought him to publicke shame & a Certificate is sent ffrom there mothly meetinge to make manisest his dishonesty: & salsenesse. As to Will: Warren¹²⁸ y'L: ff: 129 speakes off: hee had his liberty of publishinge his prophesÿes as much & as often as hee pleased: & hee is since marryed heere to a younge lasse a freinds daughter of this Citty where hee is Come to dwell: & J heare is now sorry of some of his sayinges or prophesyes: web was that hee must make hast home then from London for feare ye french shoulde be landed heere before hee Coulde returne againe but hee is returned againe & since marryed & noe ffrench yett landed wch turnes to his Creditt And what ye others prophesyes may doe time will manifest: not but y' J thinke Calamity attends this nation: but J doe beleiue ye Lorde will spare those yt serues & feares him:

As to ye disorders att Marsh grange my wiffe when shee Comes downe will take care to mende what she can: & what cannott be cured must be Jndured:

The Toleration Act, 1689 (1 W. and M. c. 18) permitted Friends to affirm their allegiance to the Throne. This Act was extended by St. 7 and 8 W^m III. c. 34 (1695) (the result of the labours here mentioned), providing great relief to Friends, although to some of them the form of affirmation appeared to exceed the "yea, yea, and nay, nay." See Quaker Post Bag, 1910, p. 49.

Scarborough, mariner, son of Valentine Warren, of Castleford, Yorks, married, 7 ix. 1693, Frances, daughter of Clement Plumsted, of London. There is a record in the "Whitby, Staintondale and Scarborough Register" (MS. in D.) of the marriage of a William Warren of Scarborough, mariner, with Rachel Luck, of the same place, at the house of Peter Hodgson in Scarborough, 25 x. 1670. Rachel Warren died in 1691. A letter from "our Yearly Meeting held at Whitbey," 29 iii. 1694, contains, among other signatures, those of "Mary Plumsted" and "Frances Warren," which makes it appear as if the Warrens had removed into Yorkshire accompanied by a member of the Plumsted family.

We do not know more respecting William Warren's "prophesyes."

¹²⁹ That is, Leonard Fell.

Wee are glad to heare of mÿ sisters breedinge: wch is lesse strange to mee then her not breedinge sooner¹³⁰: soe haueinge litle more but yo remembrans of mine & my wiffes & childrens deare loue vnto thee & to my brother & sister Abrahams & Cousens & to freinds yo may enquire after vs: is most at present ffrom

Thy euer dearely loueinge son

THO: LOWER.

My Cousen ffell¹³¹ & his brother Greaues¹³² were Jn tounde ye last weeke: ye former came to see vs: but not his brother: his wiffe¹³³ is againe with childe neere her time but come away from his brother Greaues to a Cousens house of his wiffes to liue.

[Endorsement]

ffor Daniell Abrahams att
Swarthmoore these ffor M: ff:
to be sent ffrom yo
post office Jn

Lancaster.

XXIV.

[RACHEL ABRAHAM] TO MARY LOWER [c. 1701].

This letter is unsigned and undated, but the writing is that of Rachel Abraham, and the general style confirms

The only two sisters-in-law of Thomas Lower to whom this could, presumbly, refer were Isabel and Susanna. (i) Isabel married, in 1664, William Yeamans and had several children. In 1689, at the age of about forty-seven, after having been a widow about fifteen years, she married Abraham Morris, of Lincoln. (ii) Susanna married William Ingram of London, in 1691, at the age of about forty. A letter from Margaret Fox to Sarah Meade, written 11 x. 1693, a few days subsequent to Thomas Lower's letter, alludes to Susanna Ingram in a way which makes it unlikely that the above reference was to her.

In neither case has any record of birth been discovered.

- Cousin = nephew. Charles Fell is intended—only son of George Fell, who was only son of Judge Fell (Camb. *Inl.*).
 - ¹³² Charles Fell's only sister, Isabella, married James Graves.
- Charles Fell married Mary, daughter of John Brown, of Spelmonden, Kent. Maria Webb states that Charles Fell "died early, leaving a young widow with an only son, also named Charles" (Fells, p. 407). This second Charles, born c. 1693, married Gulielma Maria (Penn) Thomas, granddaughter of William Penn the Founder (Camb. Inl.).

the statement made on page 138. She refers to a lawsuit which had been decided in favour of herself and friends, and to the helpful part taken therein by Thomas Lower. The date of the communication was about 1701.

D Sis lower

thy Deare leter J most gladly Reced last ffifft Day wherby J understod of thy Returne from Cousen Swan¹³⁴ of whose Recouery togergr with her Deare Babeth welbeing Jam truly glad of & Deare sister the most unspeakabell Care & prudend manidgment my Dear Bro: Lower hath taken in this shutt [suit] & tryell¹³⁵ with woods is meny times to my admerataty to think any person in wholl world would hau done so much for any Rellation for J am uery senceball his care & manidgettmen was greater many ffould then my huspand could hau taken in it if hee had bene & J doe Relly beeleve was much more then if it had bene my Brother owne Consarne J am shuer hee hath answered my Deare Mother Desier to the ffull for shee woulld many times say shee hopted her sonn Lowr would take care of it & manidgid for shee Knewe my husband was not aman ffitt for shuch things & her Desiers in this mater is ffully answered: Bllesed bee the lord for truly if the tryall had gone otherwise it would hav bene hard for us to have Continued hear for the Woodburns¹³⁶ & a Deall of wicked peoplie to would have had this Estatt sqandered amongst them if so combinded together that if they coulld haue there Ends aboutt they would still Endeuer it but this tryell going contrary to ther minds it mightally collse[?] them: Jo Enmonson was hear yesterday & tould us yourg gibson was com Downe & had tould him wee had goott the [paper torn] tryell but woull make it as well as hee coull Jo: Edmonson mad an a[p]pollidge for him

Cousin = niece. Loveday, daughter of Thomas and Mary Lower, married William Swan, of Halstead, Essex, in 1699. (Maria Webb gives the date, 1690, but the London Registers record the marriage 6 xii. 1699.) There were two sons, William and Thomas (Webb, Fells, p. 368).

In chapter xxix. of Fells (second English and American edd. only) there are references—1699-1701—to "expensive law proceedings and much perplexity to the family," to which this letter also, doubtless, refers.

¹³⁶ In a letter from G. Fox to his wife, in 1681, there is mention of "M. Woodburn," who broke into the barns at Swarthmoor, seized corn and drove away cattle (Fells, p. 349).

selfe that hee should bee a comisnisher for woods & sad hee coull not helpe it being hee was chush by the Cortt but Kneue well whatt wood was & seed to bee glad & sad Dotcher Lower was a most manidging man & had great Jntrestt & that hee should thus far prockuer my Husbans liberty was a great mater.

This letter is written on the inside of the sheet on which no. xxiii. was penned. It is difficult to give a reason for its position. It looks like a draft epistle, being without either place of writing, date or signature.

XXV.

SARAH MEADE TO MARGARET FOX, 1694.

We do not find any record of this letter having been previously in print—a chatty communication between daughter and mother, interspersed with the expression of earnest spiritual desire.

Gooses¹³⁷ ye 18th of ye 2d moth 1694: Deare & Honoured Mother

Haueinge the Conveniency, to send this, by the bearer, doe hereby give thee my duty and deare Respects, being greatly Refreshed and comforted in the particular Acct shee gaue us, of thee & thy welbeing and of thy continueinge soe chearfull & hearty consideringe thy years, wh gives us occasion to blesse the Lord, for his great goodness, and Continued preservation to thee; whi is to the Joy and comfort of all thy Children; also the account wee had, of Brother & sistr Abraham & their Children, did much glad our hearts;—And sistr time being pretty neare, we are not wantinge in earnest supplications to the great God in her behalfe, who is ye deliverer & helpe

¹³⁷ The estate of Gooseyes was situated near Romford in Essex; part of the house still stands.

Daniel and Rachel Abraham had three children, according to the Lancashire Registers—Margaret (b. 1685, d. 1686), John (b. 1687, d. 1771), and Thomas (b. 1689, d. 1695), the two last-named being the children here mentioned.

There is no record of any child of Daniel and Rachel Abraham born in 1694.

of all his Children, in euery needfull time and neuer failes those who putts their trust & confidence in him;—and will J doubt not, be gratiously pleased, to afford her, his helping hand, who is all sufficient:—wee shall bee glad to heare how it is with her.—And Dr Mother wee are all well here euery way, praised bee ye Lord, (as this ffriende cann informe thee, who came downe to Gooses to see us, and was at our Meettinge) and truely wee haue cause to say, the Lord is uery good & gratious to us, & affords us his blessed & sweett presence, in our litle Country Meettinges, to the comforting & Refreshinge of our soules; -And our gratious God is very universall & large in his mercies, in Generall, for it is & hath been a sweett & fruitfull springe, as hath been knowne this seuerall yeares, in these parts:—wch is A Confirmation that his mercifull hand is still Extended in Loue & goodwill, to the Creation, the workes of his hands;—Notwithstandinge the forward speeches, of some froward brittle spiritted men, who doth not rightly know their owne spiritts;—But God is the same as euer hee was & changes not, his wayes are not as mans ways, nor his thoughts as mans thoughts, but is abundant in mercy and Loueingkindness;—ffor ye Lord will not forsake his people, for his great names sake, neither will hee forsake his Inheritance;—But will give strength unto his people, & will blesse them with peace Psal: 29: 11:— Therefore, it behooues us, and a cry runns thorrow the hearts of the ffaithfull, that all ye Lords people may bee kept Low & humble before him, and kept neare him, in atrue sence of his goodness and mercies to us euery way, with thankefull hearts to him;—Soe may wee Expect the Continuance of his goodness to us,—and that none may bee Num or unsencible, or like ye barren heath that knows not when good comes; But that wee may bee a thankefull, sencible people, with which the Lord is well pleased. This [day reaches us¹⁴⁰] the good Newes of Bro: Rous his safe arrivall in Barbados; for which my heart & soule returnes hearty thanks to the Lord;—Who is the Preseruer of his people, at sea & at Land, & thorrow many dangers and difficulties;—wch will be Joyfull newes,

¹⁴⁰ The sheet is torn here and the wording is not clear.

¹⁴¹ See page 176.

to his poore wife, who was in much Concerne for him. all our Relations in these parts, are well, (for any thinge J know) Bro: Lower is fallen into Considerable practise, & is like to doe good service to many, (ye Lord giveing him success,) and wch will also bee of service to his owne family. Cousin William Yeamans¹⁴² is like to have a good Trade;—And my Dr Husband failes not to continue like a ffather to him, in his constant care & assistance, of we the younge man is very sencible; & J hope will grow in sobriety, wch will bee a comfort to all his Relations.— Sistr Jngram is now here, & hath been here some dayes, to bee in ye Country aire, her Husband thinks to come downe tomorrow;—they are both well;—and truely they liue in much loue & tenderness to each other; wen much rejoyces my heart;—Hee is a tender spirited man;—and tender of the Lord his Truth & hoñour;—and it greiues him, to see any ffriend, appeare in any thinge, yt is out of ye spiritt of Truth. hee writt to his wife, (weh shee Received this day) yt hee had Recd a lettr last post from Bro: Abraham, giueing an Acct of all your welfare at Swarthmore,—wch wee are uery glad to heare.—and soe Dr Mother haueing beene more large then J intended, I shall conclude;—with ye Rememberance of my Dr Husbands duty, & mine to thee, with Sistr Jngrams, & Nathanaells¹⁴³ and Richards;¹⁴⁴ with all our deare & tendr Loue, to Bro: & Sistr Abraham & their Children.— J Remaine, who am

Thy truely Loueinge and dutifull daughter

S.M.

My Husband hath contracted with a friend to come into the House, to teach our sonn Nathanaell & his Cousin Richard¹⁴⁴ the frensh tongue; his name is Peter

For Sarah Meade's nephew, William Yeamans (d. 1697), see Camb. Jnl.

¹⁴³ For Nathaniel, only child of William and Sarah Meade, see Camb. *Inl.*

¹⁴⁴ That is, Richard Lower (b. 1681), son of Thomas Lower and first cousin of Nathaniel Meade.

Johan,¹⁴⁵ & is ye same man yt our Dr ffather advised us to, in his life time hee comes this weeke or next.

[Addressed]

To My Hoñoured Mother
Margarett Fox These deliuer
at Swarthmore in

Lancashire.

This is the original letter in Sarah Meade's writing. It occupies a page and a quarter of folio paper. The sheet has parted at several of the creases.

XXVI.

MARGARET ROUS TO MARGARET FOX, 1695.

This short letter is partly printed in Fells (p. 388). The omitted portion is as follows:

My Dear Bro: & sistr Abraham J hope will not take it amiss y we desire alittle of thy company & y is all J beleeu y anyone hath in their eye in this thinge; not seeking any thing y is thine but to Jnjoy thee alittle if it pleas y lord soe to order it.

This is apropos of a visit to London of the aged lady of Swarthmoor. The letter is addressed:

ffor Rachell Abra-

ham at Swarthmore these Leaue this wth Thomas Green at Lancast^r to be sent as above

Lancashire.

XXVII.

NATHANIEL ROUS TO MARGARET FOX, 1700.

We believe that this letter is now printed for the first time. We now come to a letter of another genera-

In this year Peter Jahan, a Frenchman, was imprisoned at Northampton for refusing to pay towards the Repairs of the Steeple-house" (i. 540). The name, Peter Jahan, occurs also among those of Friends of Horsham in 1695 (The Journal, viii. 135).

tion and are introduced to a man of about thirty years old (Nathaniel Rous, 1670-1717), desirous of doing the right in some time of family trouble and dispute. We do not know why his first cousin, John Abraham, seventeen years his junior, should write of him as "pore" as well as "Dear."

London 28th 1th mo, 1700.

Dr & Honored Grand Mother

I some time since recd thine, wth ye Inclosed paper, relateing unto my Sisters¹⁴⁶ Portions, w^{ch} J shall carefully keep as a Testimony for ye justness of mine intentions towards ym, I hope ye Lord will close ye covetting Eye in them, & open ye Eye web sees things as they are, & judges righteously-Mine Heart rejoiced at ye reading of itt, & ye Truth contained in it, was so cleere, yt I expected all further disputeings would have been at an End. But I find Bror Dykes¹⁴⁶ continues in his old story, & told me he beleeved I had wrote something, we occassioned ye papers Comeing—I have none to trust in, but ye Lord alone, whose power & Mercy has supported me, through many other Difficultys, & my ffaith is will carry me thorow ys also—Though it is much more Excersiseing to find these dealeings from so neare relations then from others—the Lords will be Done. I had Advise from my Dr Mother from Colchester, Yesterday, yt Sister Dykes was brō: to Bed of a Daughter, & both then Like to Doe well.147 My Deare Babe148 through ye Lords goodness, thrives finely, and is a very fine child, ye Lord spare him for our Comfort, if it be his will—which wth mine & Wifes Duty thy Selfe & kind respects to Unckle & Aunt Abrams, & Cozn Desireing thy prayers may be continued for our preservation I rest—

Thy Dutifull Grd: Son,

NATH: Rous.

¹⁴⁶ N. Rous's sisters were Bethiah, wife of David English, of Ponte-fract (a quo Hoyland of Sheffield and Waterford), Anne (d. 1709, aet. 38), wife of Benjamin Dykes and Margaret (who became [?] Manwaring, see Camb. Inl.). The will of John Rous may be seen in The Journal, vol. iv.

¹⁴⁷ This was Anne, b. 24 i. 1700, d. 1718. Maria Webb tells us that Anne Dykes "left no child behind her who attained years of maturity" (Fells, p. 392).

Nathaniel Rous married, 1696, Hannah (d. 1714), daughter of Caleb Woods, of Guildford. This child was Nathaniel, b. 17 ix. 1699.

This letter occupies one page. It is written in a good flowing hand. It is addressed:

To Margt Fox

att Swarthmore

Neare

Lancaster

and endorsed by John Abraham: "This is a Letter of my pore and Dear Cousin Nathane" Rous to my Dear and Honourd Grand Mother."

XXVIII.

MARY LOWER TO MARGARET FOX [1701].

This long and chatty letter has been printed in part in Fells (pp. 401-403). The omitted portion here follows:—

J have bene not uary well of late J think it is ye Janas but shall tack sume thing for it J had great experiance of ye goodness of ye Lord to mee & Loueday in her great Exersise & perrall in Childbearing w^{ch} J desier J may neuer forgitt; we had awary good sensabell letter from my sun Richard Lower ye last 4th day, weh we weare glad of we expect my sister Moris in toune this day weeke; ye last 3 day was Mary Lancishier that was Mary Webb of Kingston Daughter Maried to my Cousin Yeomans printas almost aboy. 149 Marabellow Thornbora 150 desiers & $\lceil sic \rceil$ be Remembered to thee, she is my next nightbor & hath bene lamely in her foot ye feuer fell into it & she hath kept her Chamber J think aboue halfe ayeare; my Brother & sister Meade Coums to toune ons in to weeks mostly & goeth to see thear sun at ye tempell prety often but ye hasard of his contuning thear J think the [y]

The Surrey Registers record that Mary Lancaster, of Kingston, married Richard Webb, of the same, 1673, and that Sarah, daughter of Richard and Mary Webb, married John Langley, in 1701.

Though clearly written *Thorn*bora, Mariabella *Farm*borough (c. 1626-1708) is, doubtless, intended. She was born at Warminster, Wilts, and married, c. 1662, Thomas Farmborough, of London. She was convinced about the year 1682, and "was a tender & servisable woman... and in hir old age (by ye hardships she met with in prisons &c.) she was afflicted with lameness" (Howard, *Eliot Papers*, 1894, ii. 3). Her daughter of the same name married Peter Briggins (1666-1717) and the unusual name Mariabella has descended through nine generations to the present time in the Eliot, Howard, Fry and Lloyd families.

operahend not soe well as peopell thinks the [y] might but thear is noe Rome for aduise.

There is the following postscript: "A feue lins to Richard lower might doe him good if it be in thy hart to write."

The letter occupies two folio pages, and is in good condition. The date, "ye 2th day of ye 3 moth," has been added later. The letter is addressed:

To

Rachel Abrams att Swarthmore to be sent from the post hous ın

Lancaster.

E[RICH] P[HILIPP VON] PLOENNIES TO FRIENDS, 1720.

Scant information only, respecting the writer of this letter, is at present at hand. From 1701, Von Ploennies was Professor of Mathematics at the University of Giessen and later he was "Nassau-Siegenscher Landbau-Director" at Wesel. He died probably at Wesel. We hope to supply our readers with further information in a future issue of THE JOURNAL.

On the day in which this letter was under the Editor's hand he received a visit from Pfarrer Theodor Sippell, of Schweinsberg, Germany, who kindly interested himself in it as he was personally acquainted with members of the Ploennies family, and he has supplied a copy of the original Latin, as also a translation into English. Pfarrer Sippell's work has been supplemented by Alfred Kemp Brown, M.A., B.D.

Dilecti Fratres,

vere Christianae (Rob" Barclay Experientia Christiana) non Solum [edge torn] usqz ad me

Beloved Brethren!

Suavis odor Doctrinae vestrae The sweet smell of your truly Christian doctrine (as it is nempe Apologi[a] et W^{mj} expounded in the Apology of Shewen Libello de Fide et Robert Barclay and the tract of William Shewen on [Christian] faith and experience) has not pervenit, Sed etiam veritas ejus mee ad plenum Consensum compellere potuit, Lumen hoc doctrinee vestree et in Tenebris Seculi nostri Lucens amplexus Sum magno cum gaudio mihi enim Lumen internum illud nempe quod omnes homines in hunc mundum venientes illuminat Testimonium dedit firmum, ett Salvatorem intus nos habere et verbum omnium cordibus inscriptum esse; hinc miratus sum hactenus homines Christum anxie sed externe querentes, cum tamen proprior sit ipsis; vos autem Fratres Dilecti, qui estis populus Electus et verbum Dei aeternum vobis agnoscitis quodque familiare quasi est, et cui obedientiam praestare studetis, admoneo in amore erge Deum et proximum magis atque magis calescere vestra et summa sit cura: hic amor est totius Christianae Religionis Summa et signum unicum veri Christiani: hic amor nos compellet ad humile vitae genus eligendum quodque humilitatem Salvatore Serio comendatum pre se fert: hic Amor Imbecilitates proximis patienter ferre animat: hic amor humanis proximo grato verbis respondere suadet: hic amor Fratri Egeno Summovere jubet hic amor nullam cordis acerbitatem admittit, sed in dictis et factis amenitatis suavitatisque Radios semper Emittit, Fratres Dilecti, quo profundius nos descendimus ad Fundimentum Aedificii nostri ponen[dum] Christiani eo altius assurgere potentiam ad Coloonly) [margin torn] reached me, but its very truth availed to compel me to full approval. This light of your doctrine shining in the darkness of our age I have embraced with great joy; for that inward light, which enlightens all men coming into this world gave me a sure testimony that we have a Saviour within us and that the word is inscribed in the hearts of all. Hence I have wondered that till now men have sought Christ earnestly but afar off while nevertheless he is near to them. But you, beloved brethren, who are the elect people, who acknowledge the eternal word of God which is as it were familiar to you, who strive to show obedience to it —I counsel to grow warmer and warmer in love towards God and your neighbour and to let this be your greatest care. This love is the sum of the whole Christian religion and the only mark of a true Christian. This love compels us to choose a humble way of life which manifests the humility earnestly commended by the Saviour. This love disposes us to bear patiently the foolishness of our neighbours, this love urges us to answer a friendly neighbour with kind words. This love commands us to support an indigent brother, this love allows no bitterness of spirit, but radiates continually in words and deeds the beams of pleasantness and sweetness. Beloved brethren, the deeper we descend in laying the found-

phonem imponend[um] hoc est Egregium Fundamentum Egregium Aedificium ferre potest ad tantam enim altitudinem nos assurgere possit ut possumus exclamare quid potest amorem destruere [edge torn] ergâ Deum et proximum; certe neque Calamitas neque Anxietas neque persecutio neque vite amissio neque potestas externa neque interna nos deducere ab Amore, qui est in Christo nostro Salvatore quia in his omnibus nos sumus victores, victoriamque semper obtinemus, ad tale autem perfectionis Fastigium: Fratres Dilecti ut nos omnes mox perveniamus et ut extraneis nomen omnium in Frontibus Dei addictus servus

E. P. PLOENNIES. Sign[um] Comit. Nassovici In Germania dij 21^{mo} Maij Anno 1720.

ation of our Christian edifice the higher shall we be able to rise in order to lay the topstone of it; that is, an excellent foundation can bear an excellent edifice. For it can raise us to such a height that we cry aloud: what can destroy our love towards God and ourneighbour; surely neither calamity nor anxiety, neither persecution nor loss of life, neither force external nor internal can separate us from the love which is in Christ our Saviour, because we are in all these conquerors and always gain the victory. But that we all, beloved brethren, may soon reach such a height of perfection and that strangers may read inscriptum legere possint; ex the name of God inscribed on toto corde exoptare vester the foreheads of all, this wishes from his whole heart your devoted servant

> E. P. PLOENNIES. Signum Comit. Nassovici In Germania. dy 21^{mo} May Anno 1720.

The letter is endorsed by John Abraham: "A Person who was convinced of Truth In Germany, his Letter to ffriends att their Yearly Meeting att London Ano 1720." There is no address on the letter.

No record of the receipt of this letter has been found among the minutes of Y.M. 1720.

There appear to be several slips or inaccuracies in the original Latin.

In Country Life in America, for May 15th, there is an article by Mary M. Vaux, daughter of George Vaux, of Philadelphia, on "The Exhilaration of Mountaineering—One Family's Experiences among the Glaciers and Peaks of the Canadian Rockies." For at least a dozen times since 1887 have visits been paid by members of the Vaux family to the Canadian Rockies. One of the beautiful illustrations accompanying the article shows "Miss Vaux at the summit of Mt. Stephen, in July, 1900, marking the highest point reached in Canada by a woman up to that time. Altitude 10,485 feet."